

Название публикации:

Methodology for the interpretation of legal and technical terms

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Аннотация:

The topicality of the research is stipulated by the fact that the 21st century saw the emergence of the philosophical discourse of actual philosophical linguistic problems related to the interpretation of legal documents, and problems of symbolism in legal texts. Especially if the case in point is categories and provisions of law that arose in the past within the framework of a certain socio-cultural environment and took roots in a new, changed stratum which impacts the adequate perception of the morphemic construction of a word in the synchronous aspect of a legal text. One of the main problems is the awareness that for the scientific understanding of a legal text it is necessary to apply the methodology of linguistic philosophy, hermeneutics. To solve these issues the previous methodological tools are not enough, it is essential to find new inter-discipline linguistic and philosophical paradigms. A leading approach in the present research is a verifiable model, according to which the culture is the most important source of law that in the course of selective evolution absorbs the social experience, is expressed verbally and later takes the form of a legal text. The methodological basis of the research includes the principles of hermeneutics, the additive model of morphology, heterogeneity of the system of scientific scholarship, normative logical, structural-functional analysis of the system of interaction between law and the language. These principles and methods allowed the authors to prove that the single natural cultural space is a connecting link between law and the language, and to identify the principal role of the hermeneutic method and the additive morphological model for the adequate interpretation of legal texts. The article shows that the peculiarity of legal terms is that changes in the semantics of terms are often related to the reevaluation of phenomena of reality, the main point of these changes is certain succession in the socio-political area that formulates its positions in the earlier created categories, but puts the other content into them, and integrates them into new scientific doctrines and legal texts. Consequently, the article's materials are practical and can be provided to philologists, linguists, philosophers, and lawyers who study the interpretation and the application of the law, and to those who prepare and edit statutory documents. © IAEME Publication.

Ключевые слова:

Additive Morphological Model, Component Of Language, Hermeneutics In Law, Interpretation of Legal Texts, Linguistic Economy