

Название публикации:

General Ermolov and His Role in the Evolution of Public Health Service in the Caucasus

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Аннотация:

The article considers the role of general Ermolov in the organization of public health service in the Caucasus. Emphasis is given to the characteristic features of the epidemiological situation in Imereti and other coastal areas of the north-western Caucasus.

There are used as materials the archival sources of the central state historical archive of Georgia (Tbilisi, Georgia), as well as scientific and reference literature. "Acts collected by the Caucasian archaeological commission" are of great significance in the work.

While solving the tasks there were used the general scientific methods (system analysis, concretization, generalization). The specification of particular aspects is of particular importance in the study, namely the detailing of historical episodes allow authors to model a complete picture of events. For example, this refers to the complex process of establishing the russian military presence in the Caucasus, which in turn made it possible to choose the location of troops, taking into account the climatic situation.

The authors come to the conclusion that by the time of the announcement of general Ermolov - the commander-in-chief of russian troops in the Caucasus, the russian sanitary service has accumulated a wealth experience in the region. This practice has been gained in terms of epidemics of plague and a number of other diseases and allowed to take more effective and timely measures to minimize losses. And actively antiepidemic measures were carried out thanks to the position of general Ermolov. However, it is necessary to understand that in many respects the concern of general Ermolov about the personnel of the russian troops was due to the fact that the formation of the russian military presence in the region had already been completed and the troops had more freedom to choose the cantonment sites.

Ключевые слова:

sanitary service; Caucasus; Georgia; Imereti; General Ermolov; epidemics